

Safe Harbor Statement

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding anticipated financial results and liquidity. The words "will," "may," "designed to," "outlook," "believes," "should," "anticipates," "plans," "expects," "intends," "estimates," "forecasts" and similar expressions identify certain of these forward-looking statements. The Company also may provide forward-looking statements in oral statements or other written materials released to the public. All statements contained or incorporated in this presentation or in any other public statements that address operating performance, events or developments that the Company expects or anticipates may occur in the future are forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from these forward-looking statements are discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended April 3, 2021, and its other Securities and Exchange Commission filings. Future operating results will be based on various factors, including the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business and the global economy, supply chain disruptions, actual industry production volumes, commodity prices, the impact of strategic transactions and restructuring actions and the Company's success in implementing its operating strategy.

Information in this presentation relies on assumptions in the Company's sales backlog. The Company's sales backlog reflects anticipated net sales from formally awarded new programs less lost and discontinued programs. The Company enters into contracts with its customers to provide production parts generally at the beginning of a vehicle's life cycle. Typically, these contracts do not provide for a specified quantity of production, and many of these contracts may be terminated by the Company's customers at any time. Therefore, these contracts do not represent firm orders. Further, the calculation of the sales backlog does not reflect customer price reductions on existing or newly awarded programs. The sales backlog may be impacted by various assumptions embedded in the calculation, including vehicle production levels on new programs, foreign exchange rates and the timing of major program launches.

The forward-looking statements in this presentation are made as of the date hereof, and the Company does not assume any obligation to update, amend or clarify them to reflect events, new information or circumstances occurring after the date hereof.

Non-GAAP Financial Information



This presentation also contains non-GAAP financial information. For additional information regarding the Company's use of non-GAAP financial information, as well as reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), please see slides titled "Non-GAAP Financial Information" at the end of this presentation.

Lear Proprietary: The information contained herein is the property of Lear Corporation.

Agenda



BUSINESS UPDATE

Ray Scott, President and CEO



FINANCIAL REVIEW

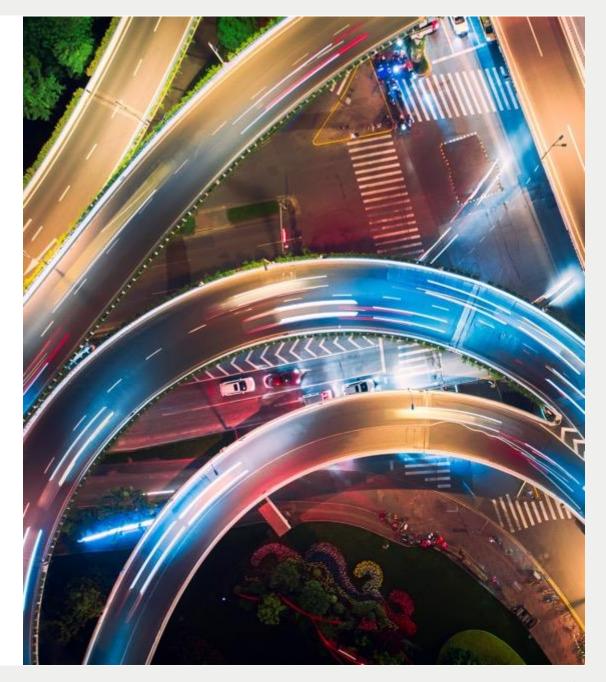
Jason Cardew, Senior Vice President and CFO

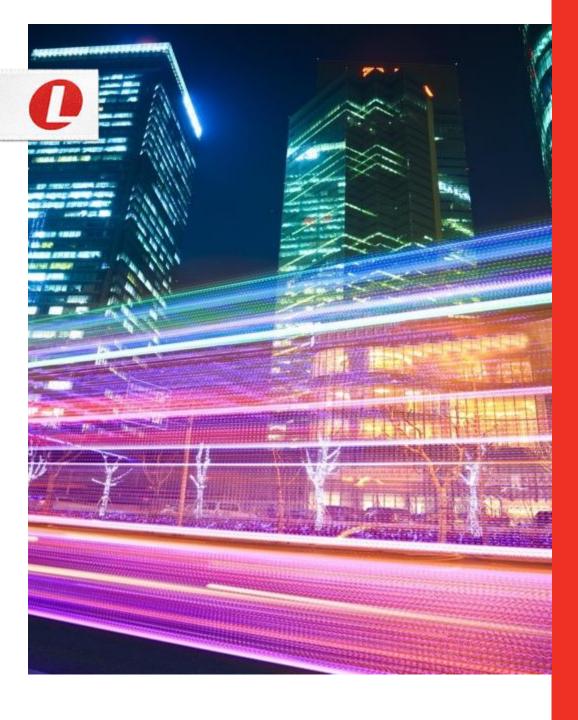


CONCLUDING REMARKS

Ray Scott, President and CEO







Business Update

Ray Scott, President and CEO

Financial Overview

Full Year 2021

\$19.3B

SALES

\$826M

CORE OPERATING EARNINGS

UP 13% YOY

UP 35% YOY

\$7.94

ADJUSTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

4.3%

ADJUSTED OPERATING MARGIN

UP 49% YOY

UP 70 BPS YOY





2021 Business Highlights



Above market sales growth and strong new business wins in both business segments; Seating market share increased from 23% to 25%



Expanding capabilities in Seating thermal comfort systems through pending Kongsberg Interior Comfort acquisition



Accelerating growth in connection systems through the acquisition of M&N Plastics, formation of Hu Lane joint venture and establishment of a partnership with IMS Connector Systems



Ranked #4 in Automotive/Components and #93 overall in Newsweek's America's Most Responsible Companies 2022 list



Recognized for quality and innovation by J.D. Power and Automotive News



Improved financial flexibility by increasing revolver and extending debt maturities



Increased quarterly cash dividend to pre-pandemic level of \$0.77 per share





Returned \$207 million of cash to shareholders through dividends and share repurchases





KEY JIT AND COMPONENT LAUNCHES

















E-Systems Key 2022 Product Launches



KEY WIRE LAUNCHES





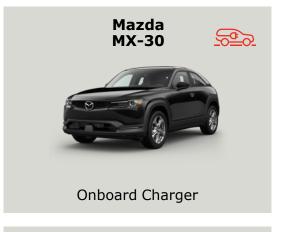












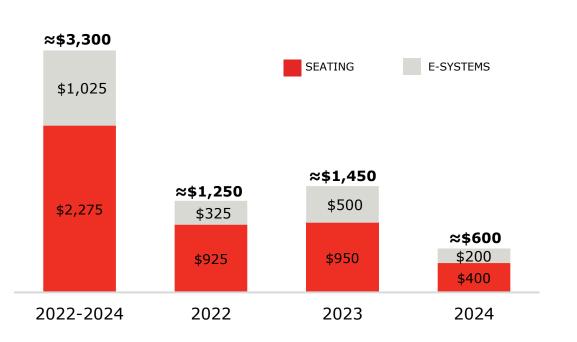


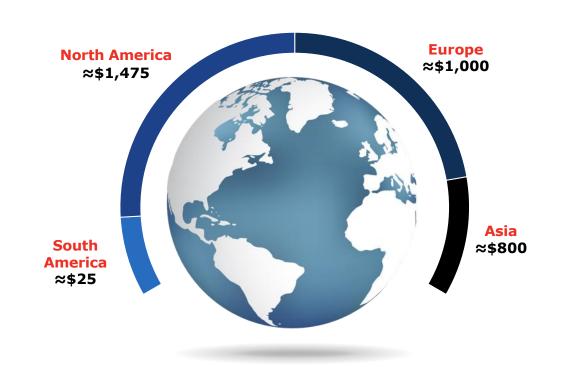
Sales Backlog (Net New Awarded Business)

2022-2024 CONSOLIDATED SALES BACKLOG

CONSOLIDATED BACKLOG BY REGION

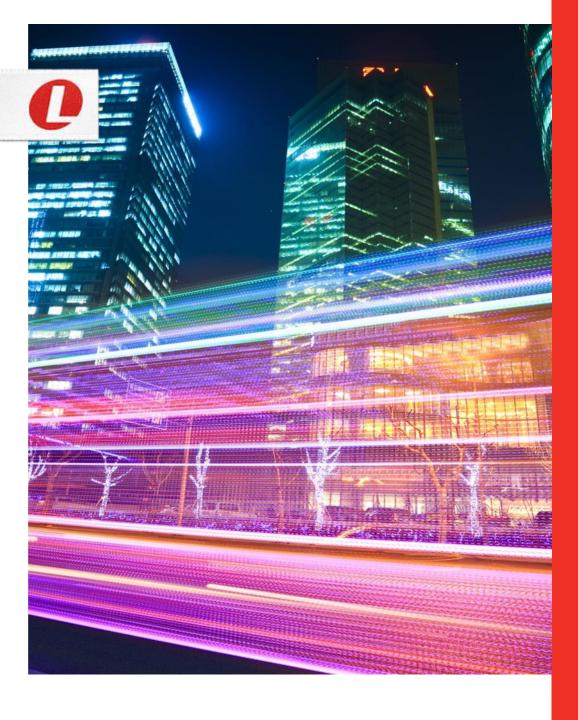
(\$ in millions) (\$ in millions)







2022-2024 Sales Backlog of ≈\$3.3 Billion



Financial Review

Jason Cardew, Senior Vice President and CFO

Fourth Quarter 2021

Global Vehicle Production and Currency

INDUSTRY PRODUCTION

(units in millions)

GLOBAL	NORTH AMERICA	EUROPE AND AFRICA	CHINA
Q4 2020 23.0	Q4 2020 3.9	Q4 2020 5.4	Q4 2020 7.3
Q4 2021 20.0	Q4 2021 3.3	Q4 2021 4.0	Q4 2021 7.0
DOWN 13% YOY	DOWN 15% YOY	DOWN 26% YOY	DOWN 4% YOY

KEY CURRENCIES

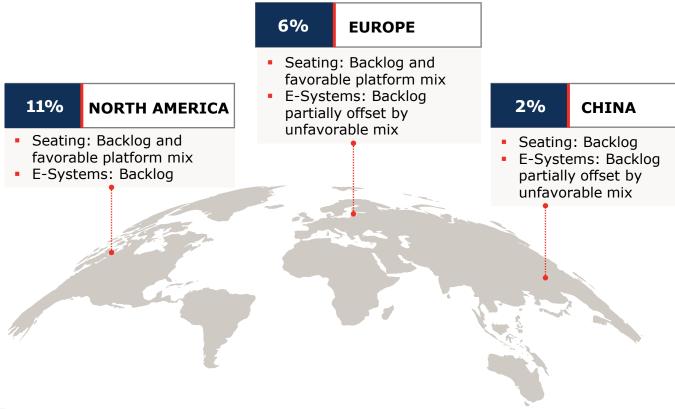
	2020	2021	
Euro	\$1.19 / €	\$1.15 / €	Down 4%
Chinese RMB	6.62 / \$	6.39 / \$	Up 4%



Source: IHS Markit as of January 17, 2022

Growth Over Market

Full Year 2021





Year-over-year sales growth over market (GoM) excludes the impact of FX, commodities and acquisitions. The year-over-year change in production on a Lear sales-weighted basis is calculated using Lear's prior year regional sales mix. IHS Markit production has been adjusted to match Lear's fiscal calendar.



Key Financials

Fourth Quarter 2021

2020	2021	YEAR-OVER-YEAR DRIVERS
\$5,243	\$4,880	Lower volume and foreign exchange, partially offset by backlog and commodity passthrough
\$330 6.3%	\$158 3.2%	Lower volume and higher commodity costs, partially offset by operating performance and backlog
\$3.66	\$1.22	Lower core earnings
\$234	\$(13)	Lower earnings, increased working capital and increased capital expenditures
	\$5,243 \$330 6.3% \$3.66	\$5,243 \$4,880 \$330 \$158 6.3% 3.2% \$3.66 \$1.22



Key Financials

Full Year 2021

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	2020	2021	YEAR-OVER-YEAR DRIVERS
Net Sales	\$17,046	\$19,263	Backlog, increased volume, foreign exchange and commodity passthrough
Core Operating Earnings Operating Margin %	\$ 614 3.6%	\$826 4.3%	Operating performance, backlog and increased volume, partially offset by higher commodity costs
Adjusted Earnings Per Share	\$5.33	\$7.94	Higher core earnings
Free Cash Flow	\$211	\$85	Increased working capital and increased capital expenditures, partially offset by higher earnings

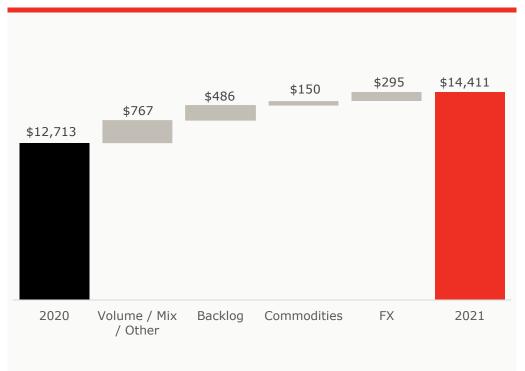


Seating Sales and Margin Drivers

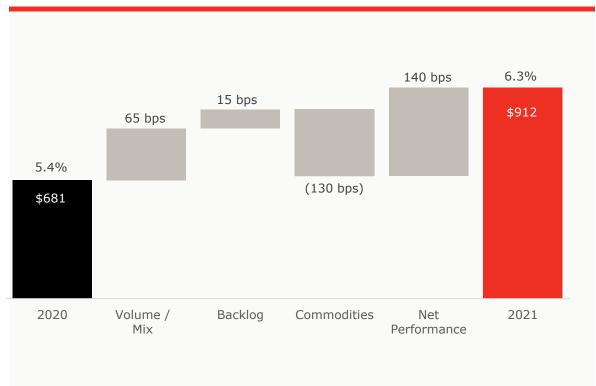
Full Year 2021

(\$ in millions)

SALES



ADJUSTED EARNINGS AND MARGIN





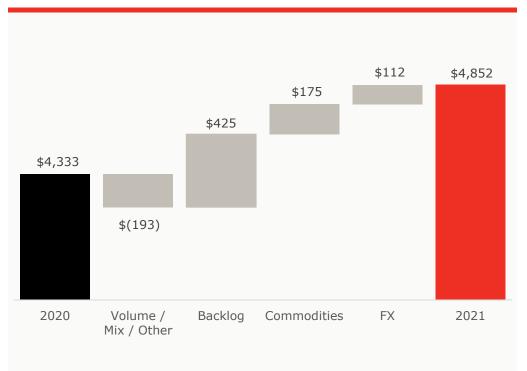
Please see appendix for discussion of non-GAAP financial measures, as well as reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP

E-Systems Sales and Margin Drivers

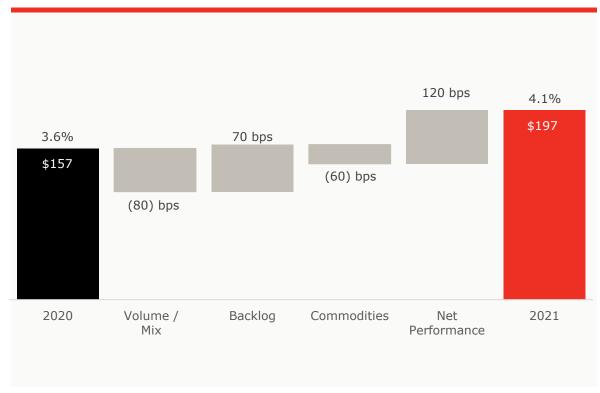
Full Year 2021

(\$ in millions)

SALES



ADJUSTED EARNINGS AND MARGIN





Please see appendix for discussion of non-GAAP financial measures, as well as reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP

Increased Financial Flexibility and Returned Capital to Shareholders

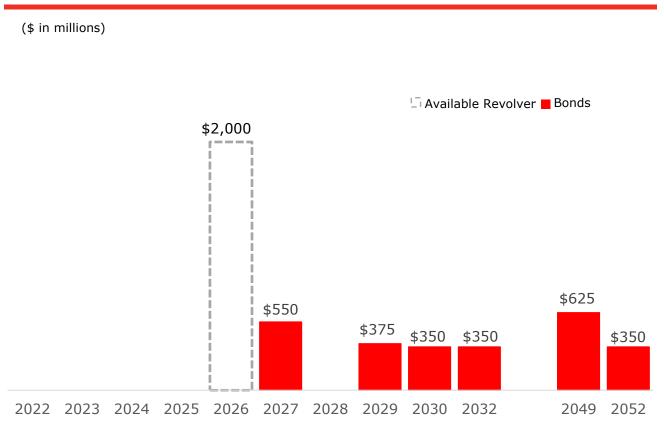
LIQUIDITY

- \$3.3 billion in total liquidity, including \$2.0 billion of availability under revolving credit facility
- Further strengthened capital structure, enhanced liquidity and improved debt maturity profile
 - Increased revolving credit facility to \$2.0 billion and extended maturity by two years to 2026
 - Completed \$700 million bond financing to repurchase \$200 million of 2027 notes, repay term loan and fund Kongsberg acquisition
 - No outstanding debt maturities until 2027
- Investment grade across all ratings agencies

CAPITAL ALLOCATION

- Increased quarterly cash dividend to pre-pandemic level of \$0.77 per share
- Returned over \$200 million of cash to shareholders through dividends and share repurchases
- Actively targeting niche acquisitions to increase vertical integration capabilities in both businesses

DEBT MATURITIES





As of December 31, 2021

2022 Outlook - Global Vehicle Production and Currency

INDUSTRY PRODUCTION

(units in millions)

GLOBAL	NORTH AMERICA	EUROPE AND AFRICA	CHINA
FY 2021 74.5	FY 2021 13.0	FY 2021 16.2	FY 2021 22.8
FY 2022 78.8 High End 81.2	FY 2022 14.7	FY 2022 18.2	FY 2022 22.8
vs Prior Year UP 6% High End Up 9%	vs Prior Year UP 13%	vs Prior Year UP 12%	vs Prior Year FLAT

KEY CURRENCIES

	2021	2022	
Euro	\$1.18 / €	\$1.12 / €	Down 5%
Chinese RMB	6.45 / \$	6.35 / \$	Up 2%



Source: IHS Markit as of January 17, 2022, and company estimates for outlook

2022 Outlook – Key Considerations

INDUSTRY / MACRO	CURRENT STATE	IMPACT VS. 2021	2023 AND BEYOND
Global Industry Volumes	Constrained	+	Continued Recovery Driven by Strong Demand and Low Inventory
Commodity Prices	Stable but Elevated	_	Steel Prices Softening; Generally Positive
Inflation	Costs Increasing	_	Expect Moderation
Electrification Trend	Accelerating	+	CPV Opportunity
LEAR SPECIFIC			
New Business Backlog	Increasing	+	Significantly Better than 2022
Key Platform Volumes	Mixed	_	Increasing Customer Diversification
Restructuring / Cost Reduction Efforts	Increasing Investment	+	Expect Efficiency Improvements
Customer Negotiations	Ongoing	+/-	Expect Resolution and Pass Through

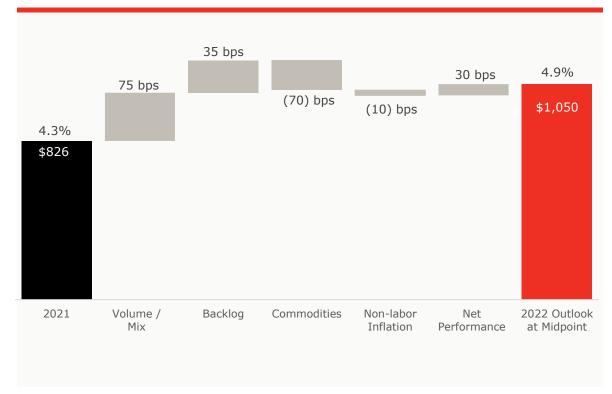
2021 Actual to 2022 Outlook – at Mid-Point

(\$ in millions)

SALES



ADJUSTED EARNINGS AND MARGIN





Certain of the forward-looking financial measures are provided on a non-GAAP basis. A reconciliation of forward-looking financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP is potentially misleading and not practical given the difficulty of projecting event driven transactional and other non-core operating items in any future period. The magnitude of these items, however, may be significant.

2022 Full Year Outlook

 Net Sales
 Interest Expense
 Restructuring Costs

 \$20,800 - \$22,300 million
 ≈\$105 million
 ≈\$125 million

 Core Operating Earnings
 Effective Tax Rate
 Capital Spending

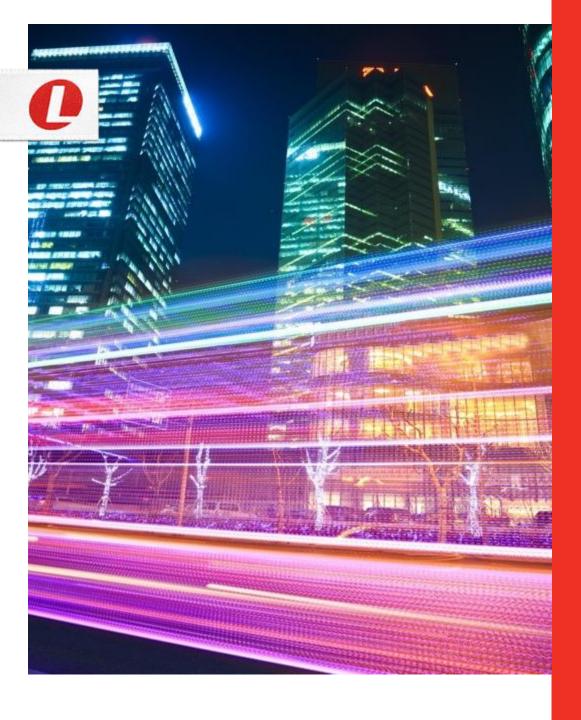
 \$900 - \$1,200 million
 ≈21%
 \$650 - \$700 million

Adjusted EBITDA Adjusted Net Income Free Cash Flow \$1,500 - \$1,800 million \$525 - \$755 million \$300 - \$600 million

Note: 2022 Outlook assumes an average Euro of \$1.12 and an average Chinese RMB of 6.35/\$



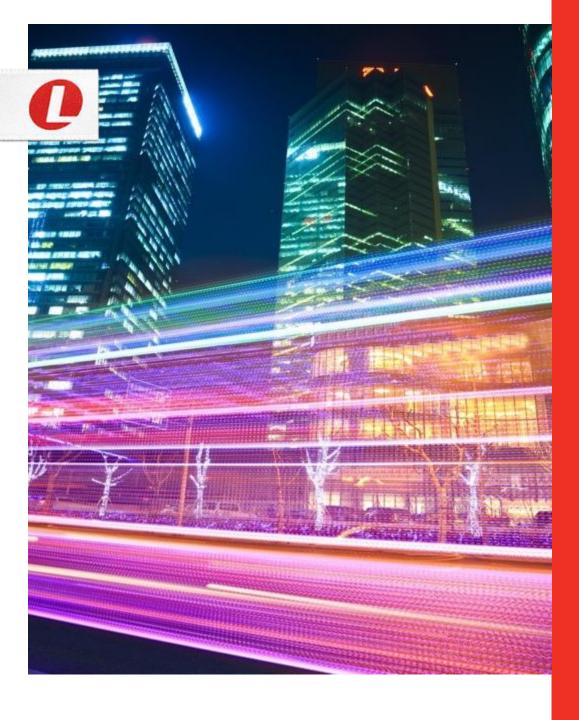
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Concluding Remarks

Ray Scott, President and CEO





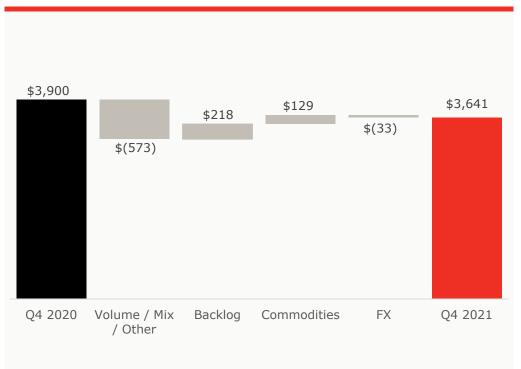
Appendix

Seating Sales and Margin Drivers

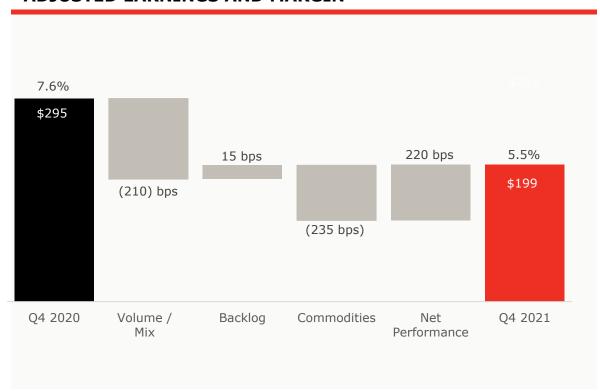
Fourth Quarter

(\$ in millions)

SALES



ADJUSTED EARNINGS AND MARGIN





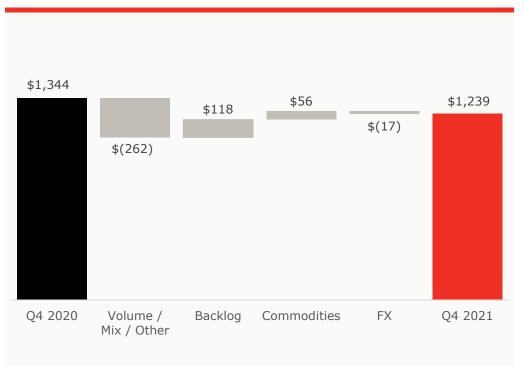
Please see the following slides for discussion of non-GAAP financial measures, as well as reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP

E-Systems Sales and Margin Drivers

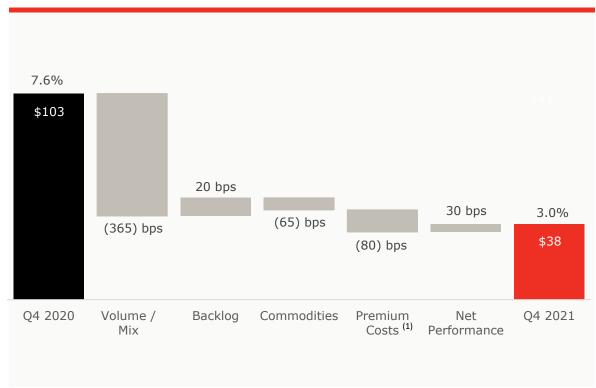
Fourth Quarter

(\$ in millions)

SALES



ADJUSTED EARNINGS AND MARGIN



(1) Premium Costs include semiconductor and COVID-19 impacts



Please see the following slides for discussion of non-GAAP financial measures, as well as reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP

In addition to the results reported in accordance with GAAP included throughout this presentation, the Company has provided information regarding "pretax income before equity income, interest, other expense, restructuring costs and other special items" (core operating earnings or adjusted segment earnings), "pretax income before equity income, interest, other expense, depreciation expense, amortization of intangible assets, restructuring costs and other special items" (adjusted EBITDA), "adjusted net income attributable to Lear" (adjusted net income), adjusted diluted net income per share available to Lear common stockholders (adjusted earnings per share), "tax expense excluding the impact of restructuring costs and other special items" and "free cash flow" (each, a non-GAAP financial measure). Other expense includes, among other things, non-income related taxes, foreign exchange gains and losses, gains and losses related to certain derivative instruments and hedging activities, losses on the extinguishment of debt, gains and losses on the disposal of fixed assets, gains and losses on the consolidation and deconsolidation of affiliates and the non-service cost components of net periodic benefit cost. Adjusted net income and adjusted earnings per share represent net income attributable to Lear and diluted net income per share available to Lear common stockholders, respectively, adjusted for restructuring costs and other special items, including the tax effect thereon. Free cash flow represents net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures.

Management believes the non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation are useful to both management and investors in their analysis of the Company's financial position and results of operations. In particular, management believes that core operating earnings, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted net income, adjusted earnings per share and tax expense excluding the impact of restructuring costs and other special items are useful measures in assessing the Company's financial performance by excluding certain items that are not indicative of the Company's core operating performance or that may obscure trends useful in evaluating the Company's continuing operating activities. Management also believes that these measures provide improved comparability between fiscal periods. Management believes that free cash flow is useful to both management and investors in their analysis of the Company's ability to service and repay its debt. Further, management uses these non-GAAP financial measures for planning and forecasting future periods.

Core operating earnings, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted net income, adjusted earnings per share, tax expense excluding the impact of restructuring costs and other special items and free cash flow should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for net income attributable to Lear, diluted net income per share available to Lear common stockholders, cash provided by operating activities or other income statement or cash flow statement data prepared in accordance with GAAP or as a measure of profitability or liquidity. In addition, the calculation of free cash flow does not reflect cash used to service debt and, therefore, does not reflect funds available for investment or other discretionary uses. Also, these non-GAAP financial measures, as determined and presented by the Company, may not be comparable to related or similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

Set forth on the following slides are reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP.



Core Operating Earnings and Adjusted Margins	Fourth Quarter		Full Year			
(\$ in millions)	2020	2021	2020	2021		
Net sales	\$5,243.2	\$5,243.2	\$ 17,045.5	\$ 19,263.1		
Net income attributable to Lear	\$ 201.6	\$ 21.5	\$ 158.5	\$ 373.9		
Interest expense	21.5	24.6	99.6	91.8		
Other expense, net	0.8	28.8	55.2	0.1		
Income taxes	63.8	18.6	93.9	137.7		
Equity in net income of affiliates	(12.6)	(6.7)	(28.5)	(15.8)		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	21.1	28.1	75.4	87.7		
Restructuring costs and other special items -						
Costs related to restructuring actions	33.4	31.6	143.7	119.3		
Intangible asset impairment	-	-	-	8.5		
Typhoon in the Philippines	-	13.2	-	13.2		
Other	0.1	(1.3)	15.7	9.6		
Core operating earnings	\$ 329.7	\$ 158.4	\$ 613.5	\$ 826.0		
Adjusted margins	6.3%	3.0%	3.6%	4.3%		



Adjusted Earnings Per Share	Fourth (Quarter	Full	Year
(In millions, except per share amounts)	2020	2021	2020	2021
Net income attributable to Lear	\$ 201.6	\$ 21.5	\$ 158.5	\$ 373.9
Costs related to restructuring actions	26.7	24.9	149.9	112.6
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	24.6	21.1	24.6
Intangible asset impairment	-	-	-	8.5
Typhoon in the Philippines	-	13.2	-	13.2
Favorable tax ruling in a foreign jurisdiction	-	0.9	-	(45.1)
Loss related to affiliate	4.0	1.0	4.0	2.0
Other	(4.1)	(2.6)	8.9	4.2
Tax impact of special items and other net tax adjustments ¹	(6.9)	(9.9)	(20.4)	(14.1)
Adjusted net income attributable to Lear	\$ 221.3	\$ 73.6	\$ 322.0	\$ 479.8
Weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding	60.5	60.3	60.4	60.4
Diluted net income per share available to Lear common stockholders	\$ 3.33	\$ 0.36	\$ 2.62	\$ 6.19
Adjusted earnings per share	\$ 3.66	\$ 1.22	\$ 5.33	\$ 7.94

Reflects the tax effect of restructuring costs and other special items, as well as several discrete tax items. The identification of these tax items is judgmental in nature, and their calculation is based on various assumptions and estimates.



Adjusted Segment Earnings and Margins	s Full Year							
		Seating			E-Systems			
(\$ in millions)		2020		2021		2020		2021
Net sales	\$ 1	12,712.7	\$:	14,411.4	\$ 4	,332.8	\$	4,851.7
Segment earnings	\$	590.5	\$	851.3	\$	98.1	\$	121.2
Restructuring costs and other special items -		86.8		50.7		55.8		F2 1
Costs related to restructuring actions Intangible asset impairment		-		59.7 -		-		52.1 8.5
Typhoon in the Philippines		-		-		-		13.2
Other		3.4		1.0		3.5		1.5
Adjusted segment earnings	\$	680.7	\$	912.0	\$	157.4	\$	196.5
Adjusted margins		5.4%		6.3%		3.6%		4.1%



Adjusted Segment Earnings and Margins	Fourth Quarter					
	Sea	ting	E-Systems			
(\$ in millions)	2020	2021	2020	2021		
Net sales	\$ 3,899.6	\$ 3,641.0	\$ 1,343.6	\$ 1,238.8		
Segment earnings	\$ 270.1	\$ 180.4	\$ 93.1	\$ 12.8		
Restructuring costs and other special items -						
Costs related to restructuring actions	24.2	18.2	9.0	11.4		
Typhoon in the Philippines	-	-	-	13.2		
Other	0.9	0.1	0.5	0.3		
Adjusted segment earnings	\$ 295.2	\$ 198.7	\$ 102.6	\$ 37.7		
Adjusted margins	7.6%	5.5%	7.6%	3.0%		



Free Cash Flow	Fourth	Quarter	Full '	Year
(\$ in millions)	2020	2020 2021		2021
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 400.8	\$ 166.9	\$ 663.1	\$ 670.1
Capital expenditures	(167.0)	(179.6)	(452.3)	(585.1)
Free cash flow	\$ 233.8	\$ (12.7)	\$ 210.8	\$ 85.0



(in millions, except per share amounts)	Fourth Quarter 2021			
	<u>Reported</u>	Restructuring <u>Costs</u>	Other <u>Special Items</u>	<u>Adjusted</u>
Pretax Income Before Equity Income, Interest and Other Expense	\$ 114.9	\$ 31.6*	\$ 11.9*	\$ 158.4
Equity Income	(6.7)			(6.7)
Pretax Income Before Interest and Other Expense	\$ 121.6			\$ 165.1
Interest Expense	24.6			24.6
Other Expense, Net	28.8	(6.7)	25.2	10.3
Income Before Taxes	\$ 68.2			\$ 130.2
Income Taxes	18.6_	(4.9)	(5.0)	28.5
Net Income	\$ 49.6			\$ 101.7
Noncontrolling Interests	28.1			28.1
Net Income Attributable to Lear	\$ 21.5			\$ 73.6
Diluted Earnings per Share	\$ 0.36			\$ 1.22



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^{*} Restructuring costs include \$25.3 million in cost of sales and \$6.3 million in SG&A. Other special items include \$15.2 million in cost of sales and (\$3.3) million in SG&A.